

- What five dietary factors are known to influence DES status?



- What five dietary factors are known to influence DES status?
 - H
 - A
 - V
 - 0
 - C

Imbalance with regard to these factors can wreak *havoc* with your DES status...



- What five dietary factors are known to influence DES status?
 - Hydration
 - Antioxidant intake
 - Vitamin intake
 - Omega-3 fatty acid intake
 - Carotenoid levels

Imbalance with regard to these factors can wreak *havoc* with your DES status...



- What five dietary factors are known to influence DES status?
 - Hydration?

The BCSC unpacks only one of these—which one?

- Antioxidant intake?
- Vitamin intake?
- Omega-3 fatty acid intake?
- Carotenoid levels?



- What five dietary factors are known to influence DES status?
 - Hydration
 - Antioxidant intake
 - Vitamin intake

- The BCSC unpacks only one of these—which one?
 O3FA
- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels

•••

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for three words

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels

8

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are two words PUFAs (abb.)

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- \ -- ?
 - --2
- --?
 - --?
- --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish
 - --?
 - -- 7
 - --?
 - --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially four fishys
 - -- 7
 - --?
 - --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --?
 - --?
 - --?
 - --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
- --Crustaceans
- --?
- --?
- --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, two types

--?

--?

--?

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
 - --?
 - --?
 - --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
 - oil
 - --?
 - --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
 - --Flaxseed oil
 - --?
 - **--?**

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- / -- Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
 - --Flaxseed oil
 - color, sorta shape greens
- --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

- √ --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
 - --?

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
 - -- type of nut

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts

- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>p</u>oly<u>u</u>nsaturated <u>f</u>atty <u>a</u>cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are long-chain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should
- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels

Q

Diet and Dry Eyes



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans Can O3FAs be gotten through direct supplementation?
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should
- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans Can O3FAs be gotten through direct supplementation?
- --Flaxseed oil Yes, OTC formulations are widely available
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should
- Omega-3 fatty acid intake
- Carotenoid levels



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are long-chain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --?
- --?



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous-deficient
- -- Evaporative





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- V -- Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

Aqueous-deficient

--Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES?





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

Aqueous-deficient

--Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated</u> <u>fatty</u> <u>acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain</u> PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- V --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

Aqueous-deficient

--Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? Inflammation of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

Aqueous-deficient

--Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? Inflammation of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production (the inflammation is mediated by cell type)

A

Diet and Dry Eves

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
 - --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
 - --Walnuts
 - In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
 - Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

Aqueous-deficient

--Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? Inflammation of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production (the inflammation is mediated by T-cells)

Q

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

-- Aqueous-deficient

Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? Inflammation of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production (the inflammation is mediated by T-cells)

Also nutshelled, what is the pathogenesis of evaporative dry eye?





Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous-deficient

Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? Inflammation of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production (the inflammation is mediated by T-cells)

Also nutshelled, what is the pathogenesis of evaporative dry eye?
Three words:

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous-deficient

Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? Inflammation of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production (the inflammation is mediated by T-cells)

Also nutshelled, what is the pathogenesis of evaporative dry eye? Three words: **Meibomian gland dysfunction** (MGD)



Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous-deficient

Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? Inflammation of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production (the inflammation is mediated by T-cells)

Also nutshelled, what is the pathogenesis of evaporative dry eye?

Three words: **Meibomian gland dysfunction** (MGD) . MGD leads to altered meibum composition, which in turn leads to gland

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

-- Aqueous-deficient

Evaporative

In a nutshell, what is the pathogenesis of aqueous tear deficiency DES? Inflammation of the lacrimal glands leads to decreased tear production (the inflammation is mediated by T-cells)

Also nutshelled, what is the pathogenesis of evaporative dry eye? Three words: **Meibomian gland dysfunction** (MGD). MGD leads to altered meibum composition, which in turn leads to gland obstruction.

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are long-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous-deficient
- --Evaporative

Of the two, which can be improved via O3FA supps?



Diet and Dry Eves

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous-deficient
- -- Evaporative

Of the two, which can be improved via O3FA supps?
Both



Diet and Dry Eves

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous-deficient
- -- Evaporative

Of the two, which can be improved via O3FA supps? Both

Very broadly speaking, how do O3FAs help DES?



Diet and Dry Eves

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous-deficient
- --Evaporative

Of the two, which can be improved via O3FA supps? Both

Very broadly speaking, how do O3FAs help DES?
They block proinflammatory molecules (eg, cytokines)

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?
- -- Evaporativ

Of the two,

Very broad





Diet and Dry Eyes



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous--Evaporati It was once believed to reduce abb. progression; however, the looked at this and found no evidence to support it

Of the two, Both

Very broad They block promiammatory moiecules (eg, cytokines)



Diet and Dry Eyes



Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?
- --Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it

Of the two,

Very broad

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are long-chain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?
- --Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it

In this context AREDS stands for...

Both

Very broad

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are long-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

- --Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?
- --Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it

In this context AREDS stands for... Age-Related Eye Disease Study

Very broad



Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs? They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are long-chain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

-- Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in abb.

Of the two. Both

Very broad



Diet and Dry Eyes

nd because

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - --Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Of the two,

Very broad

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporation It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Of the two,

In this context RP stands for ...?

Very broad

Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporation It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supposition (RP.)

Of the two,

In this context RP stands for...Retinitis pigmentosa

Very broad



Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?
They are PUFAs, which stands for <u>polyunsaturated fatty acids</u>. And because their carbon chains are long, they are <u>long-chain PUFAs</u> (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Of the two,

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Very broad



Diet and Dry Eyes

Biochemically speaking, what sort of molecules are the O3FAs?

They are PUFAs, which stands for **p**oly**u**nsaturated **f**atty **a**cids. And because their carbon chains are long, they are **l**ong-**c**hain PUFAs (LCPUFAs).

In what foods can O3FAs be found?

- --Fish, especially salmon, tuna, cod, and flounder
 - --Crustaceans (eg, shrimp and crabs)
- --Flaxseed oil
 - -- Dark leafy greens
- --Walnuts
- In addition to being rich in O3FAs, these foods have something else in common vis a vis the American diet—what is that?
- Most of us don't eat near as much of them as we should

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the

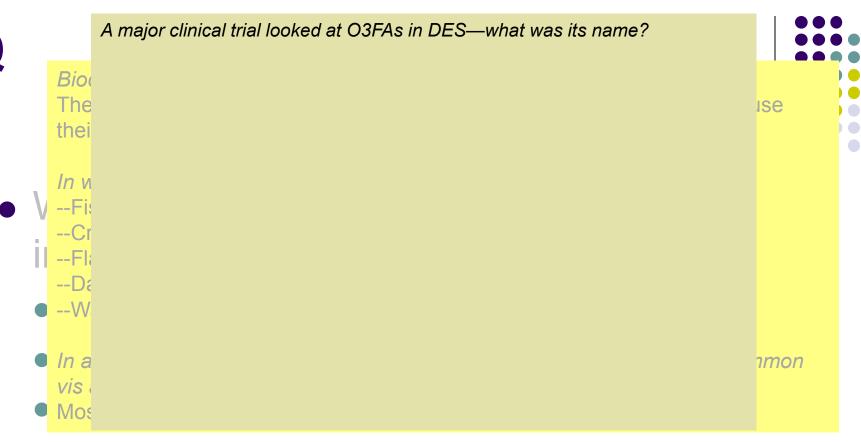
AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is

Of the two, evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders



55

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

They block promiammatory molecules (eg, cytokines)

--Aqueous--Evaporati

Of the two,

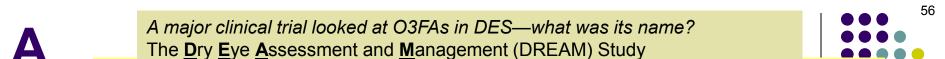
Both

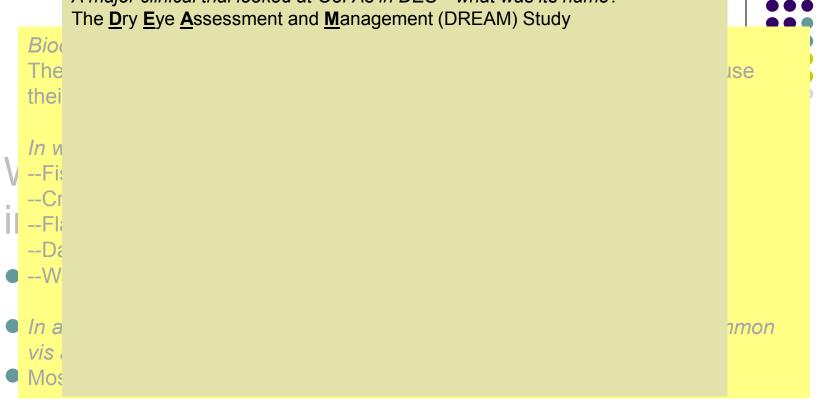
Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca, and other disorders





Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporative It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the

AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is

Of the two. evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Roth

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders

A major clinical trial looked at O3FAs in DES—what was its name? The **D**ry **E**ye **A**ssessment and **M**anagement (DREAM) Study

The tx arm received O3FAs supps (duh); what did the control arm receive?

ıse

nmon

57

In и ---Fi:

Biod

thei

--Da

--VV

In a

Mos

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporation It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

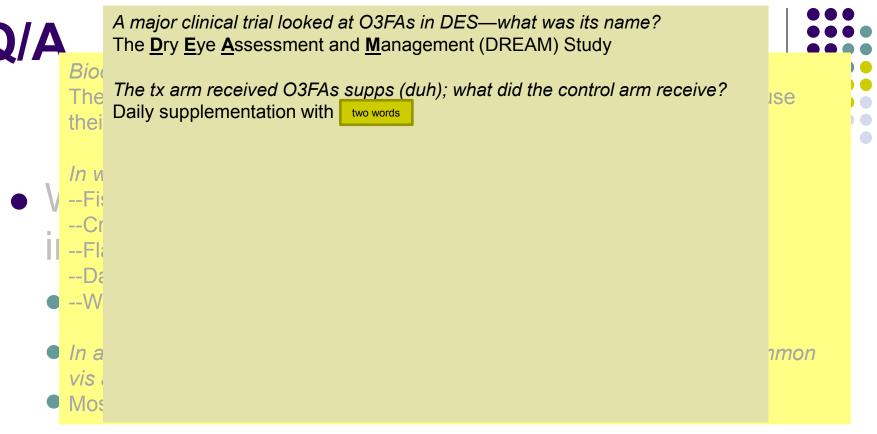
Of the two,

Both

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders



58

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous--Evaporati

Of the two,

Both

Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders

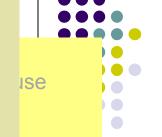
They block promiammatory molecules (eg, cytokines)



A major clinical trial looked at O3FAs in DES—what was its name? The <u>D</u>ry <u>E</u>ye <u>A</u>ssessment and <u>M</u>anagement (DREAM) Study

The tx arm received O3FAs supps (duh); what did the control arm receive?

Daily supplementation with olive oil



59

In и

Biod

thei

--FI

--Cr

--Fl

--Da

--W

In a

Mos

nmon

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporation It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

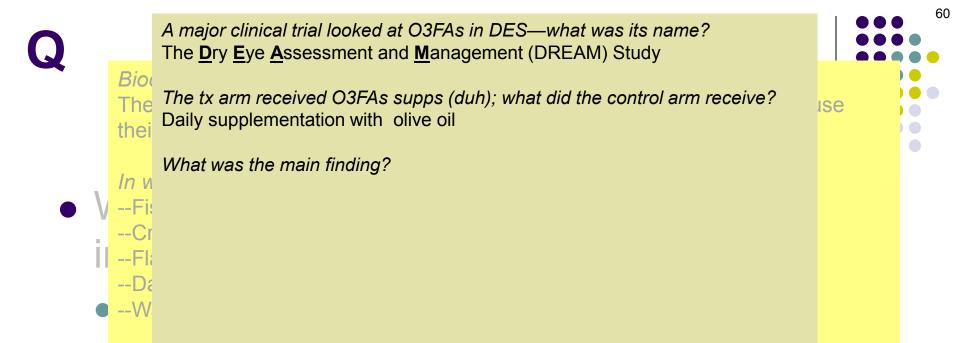
Of the two,

Both

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders



nmon

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

In a

vis (

--Aqueous--Evaporati

Of the two,

Both

Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca, and other disorders

They block prominaminatory molecules (eg, cytokines)



A major clinical trial looked at O3FAs in DES—what was its name? The **D**ry **E**ye **A**ssessment and **M**anagement (DREAM) Study

Biod The tx arm received O3FAs supps (duh); what did the control arm receive? Daily supplementation with olive oil the

What was the main finding?

There was no statistical difference between the groups

--Dá --VV

In a vis

Mos

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

-- Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Of the two.

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders

They block promiammatory molecules (eg, cytokines)

ise

nmon



A major clinical trial looked at O3FAs in DES—what was its name? The **D**ry **E**ye **A**ssessment and **M**anagement (DREAM) Study

Biod The The Da

The tx arm received O3FAs supps (duh); what did the control arm receive? Daily supplementation with olive oil

ıse

What was the main finding?

There was no statistical difference between the groups

--Fig

-Cr So, there was no improvement in DES symptoms?

--Fla

--Da

--VV

In a

Mos

nmon

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

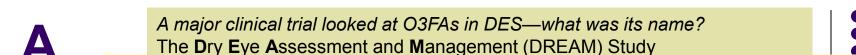
--Evaporation It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Of the two,

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders



Biod The tx arm received O3FAs supps (duh); what did the control arm receive? Daily supplementation with olive oil the

What was the main finding?

There was no statistical difference between the groups

So, there was no improvement in DES symptoms?

Oh no, there was improvement—but it was in **both** conditions, and to a statistically indistinguishable degree

--VV

In a vis

Mos

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

-- Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Of the two.

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

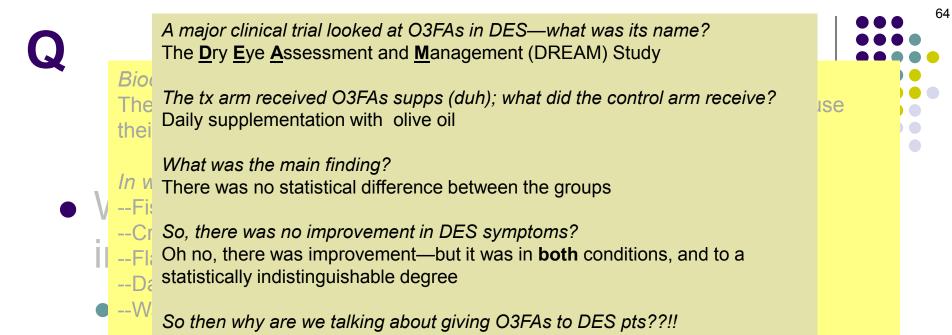
Very broad and other disorders

They block promiammatory molecules (eg, cytokines)

ise

63

nmon



nmon

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

In a

vis a

--Aqueous--Evaporati

The two basic forms of BES!

--Aqueous--Evaporati

It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Both

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?
Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca, and other disorders

They block prominammatory molecules (eg, cytokines)



A major clinical trial looked at O3FAs in DES—what was its name? The **D**ry **E**ye **A**ssessment and **M**anagement (DREAM) Study

Biod

the

The tx arm received O3FAs supps (duh); what did the control arm receive? Daily supplementation with olive oil

ise

What was the main finding?

There was no statistical difference between the groups

So, there was no improvement in DES symptoms?

Oh no, there was improvement—but it was in **both** conditions, and to a statistically indistinguishable degree

--VV So then why are we talking about giving O3FAs to DES pts??!! Because there were confounding factors that cast doubt on the results (eg, the In a use of other DES treatments such as tears was not controlled). Further, other vis studies have shown benefits.

mon

Mos

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

-- Evaporati It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Of the two.

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders



A major clinical trial looked at O3FAs in DES—what was its name? The **D**ry **E**ye **A**ssessment and **M**anagement (DREAM) Study

The tx arm received O3FAs supps (duh); what did the control arm receive?

Daily supplementation with olive oil

ıse

What was the main finding?

There was no statistical difference between the groups

--FI

--Cr So, there was no improvement in DES symptoms?

Oh no, there was improvement—but it was in **both** conditions, and to a statistically indistinguishable degree

--Da

So then why are we talking about giving O3FAs to DES pts??!!

Because there were confounding factors that cast doubt on the results (eg, the use of other DES treatments such as tears was not controlled). Further, other studies have shown benefits. Finally, O3FAs have a pretty benign risk profile,

nmon

Mos so there's not much downside to their use.

Omega-3 fatty acid intake

What are the two basic forms of DES?

--Aqueous- Do O3FAs have other beneficial effects within the eye?

--Evaporation It was once believed to reduce ARMD progression; however, the AREDS2 looked at this and found no evidence to support it. There is evidence of a "slight benefit" of O3FA supps in RP.

Of the two,

Do O3FAs have systemic health-promoting effects?

Indeed they do—they may have salutary effects on CAD, CVA, RA, Ca,

Very broad and other disorders