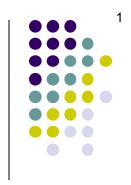
LCA is an age-related variant of



LCA is an age-related variant of RP



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Note that our understanding of both LCA and RP is evolving, and that the above assertion may be amended soon!



- LCA is an age-related variant of RP
- Presents with:
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- Presents with:
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Which end of the spectrum is more typical in LCA--the 20/200, or the LP?



LCA is an age-related variant of RP

Presents with:



Which end of the spectrum is more typical in LCA--the 20/200, or the LP? The LP. Most LCA pts have very, very poor vision



- LCA is an age-related variant of RP
- Presents with:
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 - Nystagmus by age , characterized as



'one word'

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What is the most common presenting finding in hereditary retinal diseases?



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What is the significance of the hyperopia?

Probably nothing. Most infants and children are hyperopic until they start undergoing the process of emmetropization (which usually commences around age 7, and is completed by age 16). Because of their extremely poor vision, LCA eyes do not experience the stimulus needed to initiate and maintain the emmetropization process, and thus these eyes remain forever hyperopic.



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In what fundamental way does the ERG in LCA differ from that of most retinal dystrophies? The ERG is almost undetectable from birth in infants with LCA. In contrast, the ERG in most retinal dystrophies will demonstrate slow, progressive diminution over time



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What are paradoxical pupils? Pupils that **dilate** in response to light



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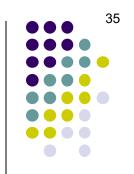
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What are phosphenes?
The visual experience of 'shooting stars' that is produced by aggressive rubbing of the eyes

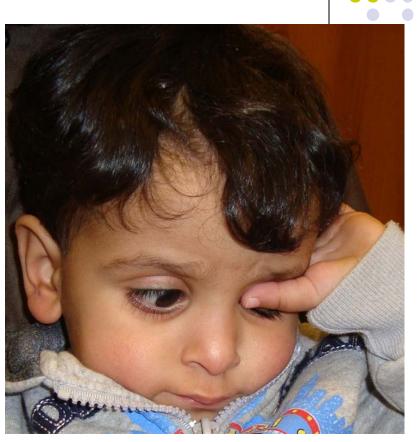


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LCA: Oculodigital reflex

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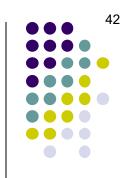
- The oculodigital reflex national Possibly, in that the incessant eye-rubbing emay contribute to the evelopment of KCN
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 - The fundus appearance is highly variable, from one word to like to one word



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 The wide variation in fundus appearance has what implication re managing LCA?
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 - It implies that one cannot rely upon fundus appearance to make the diagnosis
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• LCA inheritance:

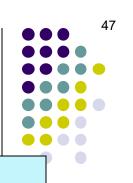


LCA inheritance: AR



- LCA inheritance: AR
- Retinal histology reveals

three words



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- DDx:
 - two *classes* of disease

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What is/are peroxisomes? Intracellular organelles that play key roles in many aspects of cell metabolism

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What specific peroxisomal disorders can manifest an LCA-type presentation?

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What are peroxisomal disorders?

- What specific peroxisomal disorders can manifest an LCA-type presentation?
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 - --Neonatal adrenoleukodystrophy (NALD)
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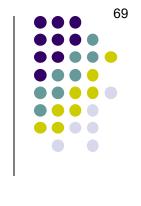
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What is the prognosis? It is uniformly fatal by age

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Zellweger syndrome

- --Neonatal adrenoleukodystrophy (NALD)
- --Infantile Refsum dz

A heterogeneous group of disorders or peroxisome function

What is the noneponymous name for Zellweger syndrome? Cerebrohepatorenal syndrome

What is its inheritance pattern?
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By the constellation of findings (along with elevated levels of VLCFA in the blood)

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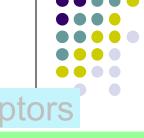
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Note: Both are inherited AR

AR

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Note: NALD's onset occurs a little later than does Zellweger's

In the late infancy

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How do NALD pts present? In the late infancy period with:

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Note that NALD has the same S/S as Zellweger, except it's missing the last one on the list

Is NALD the same condition as adrenoleukodystrophy?

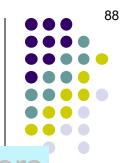
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--LCA --Deafness How do NALD pts present?
In the late infancy period with:

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And albeit dreadful, the prognosis for NALD is better than that for Zellweger

What is the prognosis?

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How a In the --LCA

--Deaf

--Hypo

So NALD and Zellweger are quite similar, except that NALD is a somewhat milder condition:

- --Later onset
- --One fewer S/S (= no abnormal facies)
 - --Pts live a little longer

--Seizures

--Abnormal facies

-- OCIZUICS

What is the prognosis?

It is uniformly fatal by late childhood

What is the progno

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Why does neonatal ADRENOleukodystrophy have adreno- in the name?

What is its inherita AR

How d

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In NALD, the VLCFAs impair the function of adrenal glands by compromising the integrity of adrenal-cell membranes

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Supportively (just like Zellweger)

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(Infantile Refsum dz) aka...

Is NALD the same condition as adrenoleukodystrophy?

What is the nonep Cerebrohepatoren

What is its inheritance pattern? AR

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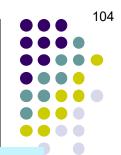
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Cerebrohepatoren

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AR AR

> Like Zellweger's and NALD, infantile Refsum's is inherited AR

In the neonatar

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In the late infancy period with:

How do Zellweger

In the neonatal --LCA

> Just as NALD's onset is a little later than Zellweger's, infantile Refum's is a little later than that of NALD

--Seizures

--Deafn

--Hypot

AR

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Infantile phytanic acid storage disease

And just as NALD has the same S/S as Zellweger save one, so too with infantile Refsum--it has the same as NALD, except, again, for the last one on the list (note that this means it has the same S/S as Zellweger, save two)

nce pattern?

In the **neonatal** r --LCA

- -- Deafness
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disease known? Infantile phytanic acid storage disease

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--LCA --Deafness

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What is the prognosis?

It is uniformly fatal by is unsuccessful)

(if treatment

No, that is an X-linked condition that pr By what noneponymous name is infantile Refsum Infantile phytanic acid storage disease

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It is uniformly fatal by early adulthood (if treatment is unsuccessful)

LCA inheritance: AR

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How do Zellweger In the **neonatal** i --LCA

- -- Deafness
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And just as the prognosis for NALD was better than for Zellweger, so too in turn is the prognosis for infantile Refsum better than that for NALD

What is the prognosis?

It is uniform that fatal by late childhood

What is the prognosis?

It is uniform a fatal by early adulthood of treatment is unsuccessful)

What is the progn

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- -- Deafness
- --Hypotonia
- --Seizures

--Abnormal facies

What is the progno

What is its inheritance pattern? So infantile Refsum and NALD are quite similar, except that infantile Refsum is a somewhat milder condition:

--Later onset

What is its inheritance pattern?

- --One fewer S/S (= no seizures)
- --Pts live longer

--Seizures

--Deafn

--Hypot

AR

What is the prognosis?

It is uniformly fatal by late childhood

It is uniformly fatal by age 1 year

--Deafness

-- Hypotonia

What is the prognosis?

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terageneous group of disorders of his

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aka...infantile phytanic

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AR

No, that is an X-linke How is infantile Refsum diagnosed?

tile Refsum

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Via elevated serum phytanic acid levels (and VLCFAs) imanilie priylanie aciu storaye discase

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Hold the phone--you can treat this one??!! How is

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Hold the phone--you can treat this one??!! How is

infantile Refsum treated?

Dietary restriction of phytanic acid and phytol (a phytanic acid precursor), +/- plasmapheresis acutely

What is the progno

--Abnormal facies

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tile Refsum

How do infantile Refsum dz pts present?

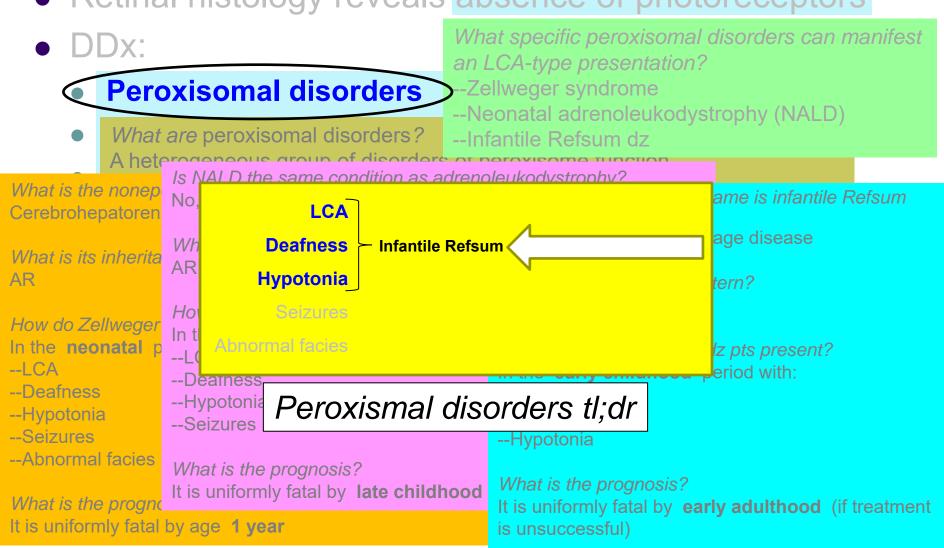
In the early childhood period with:

--LCA

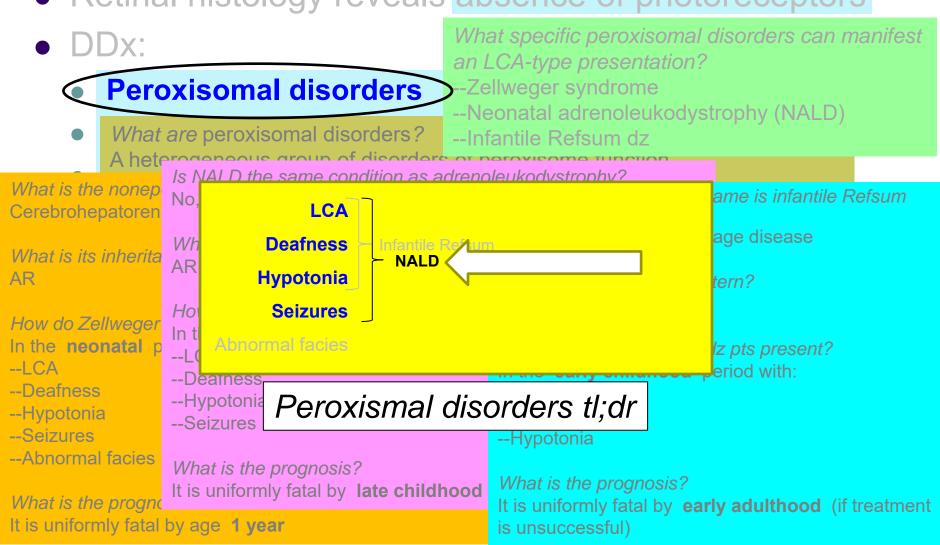


if treatment

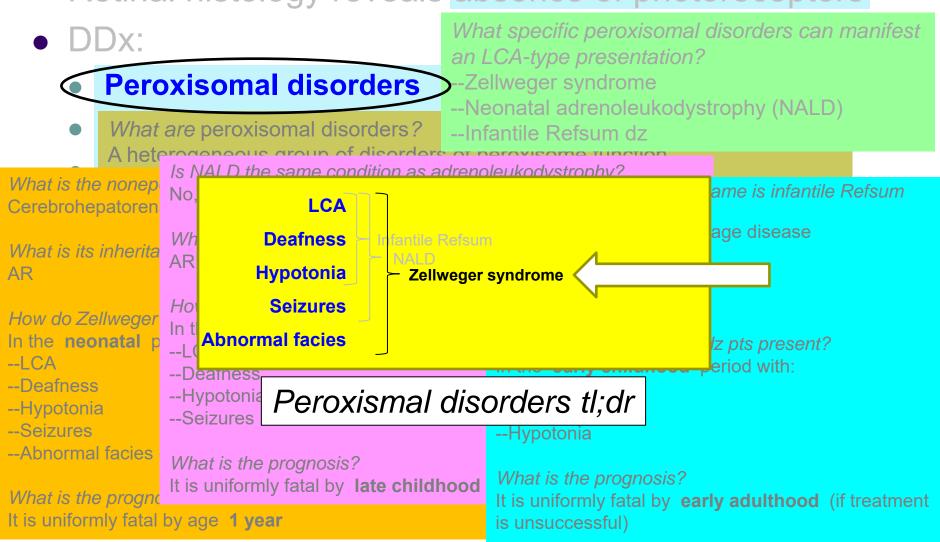
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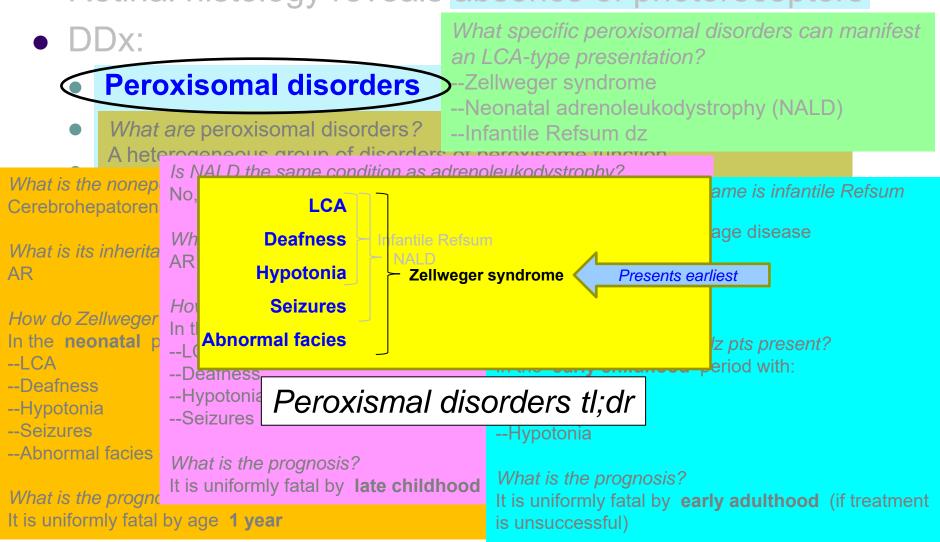
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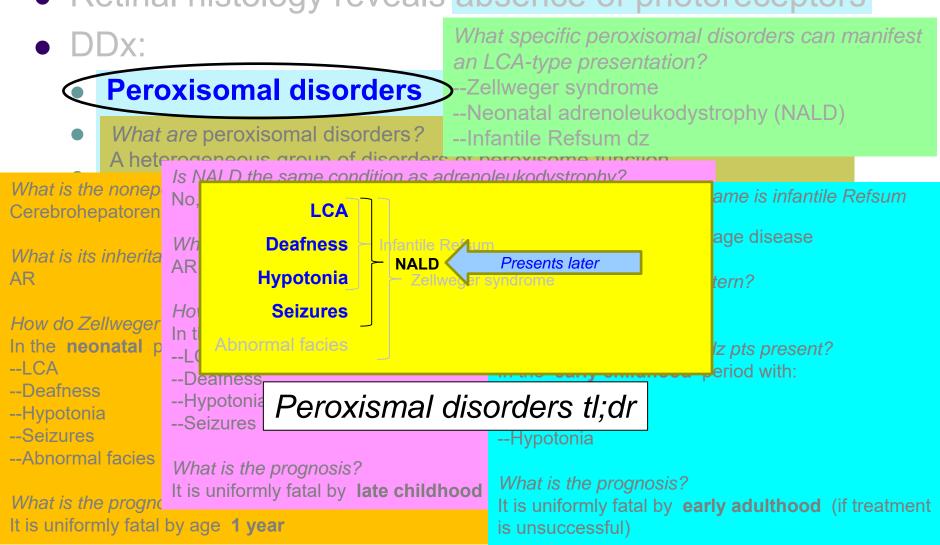
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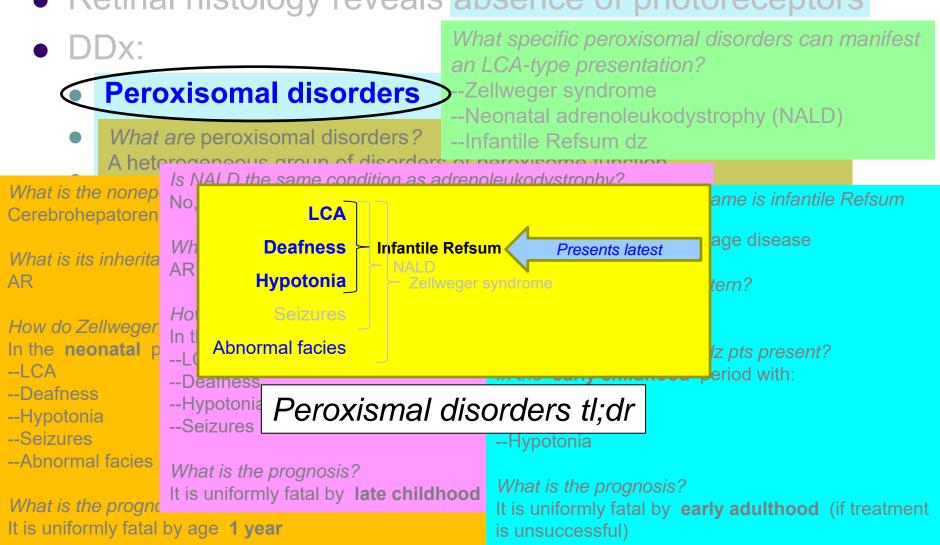
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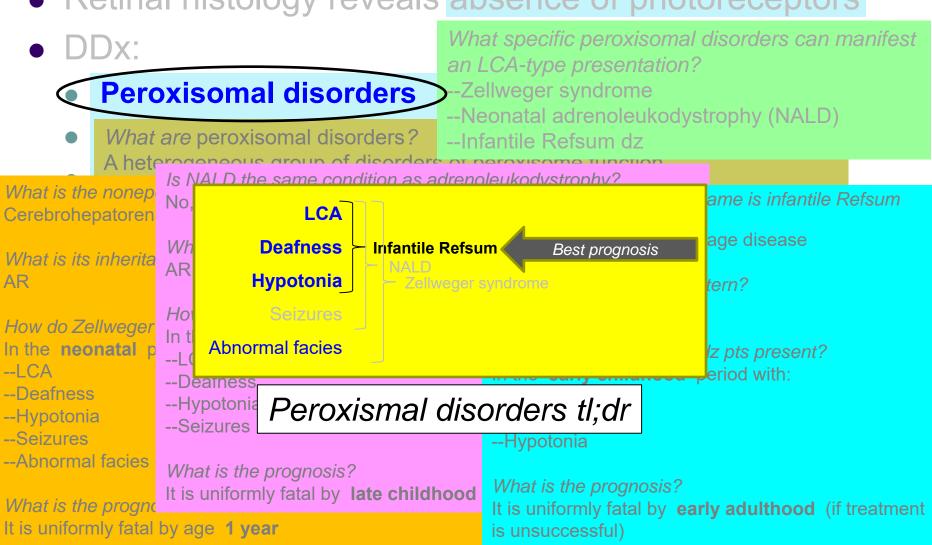
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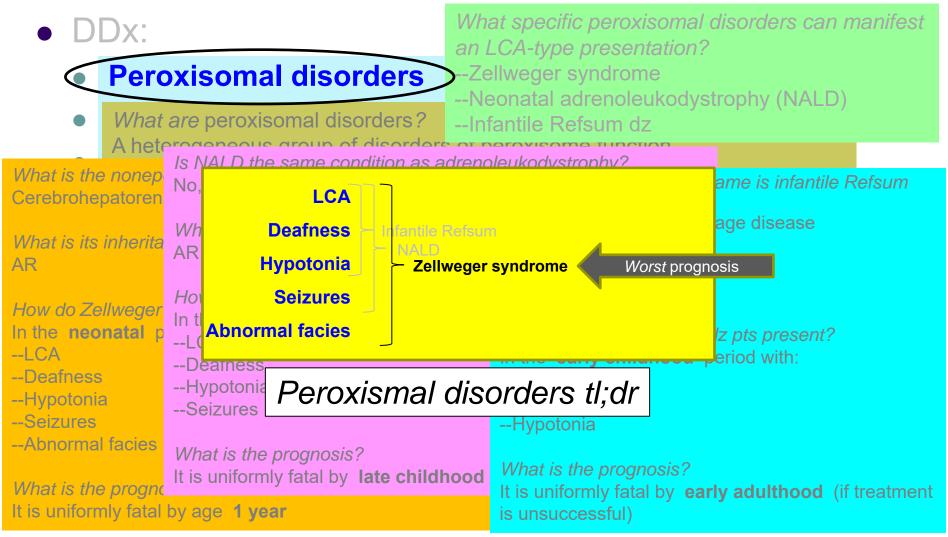
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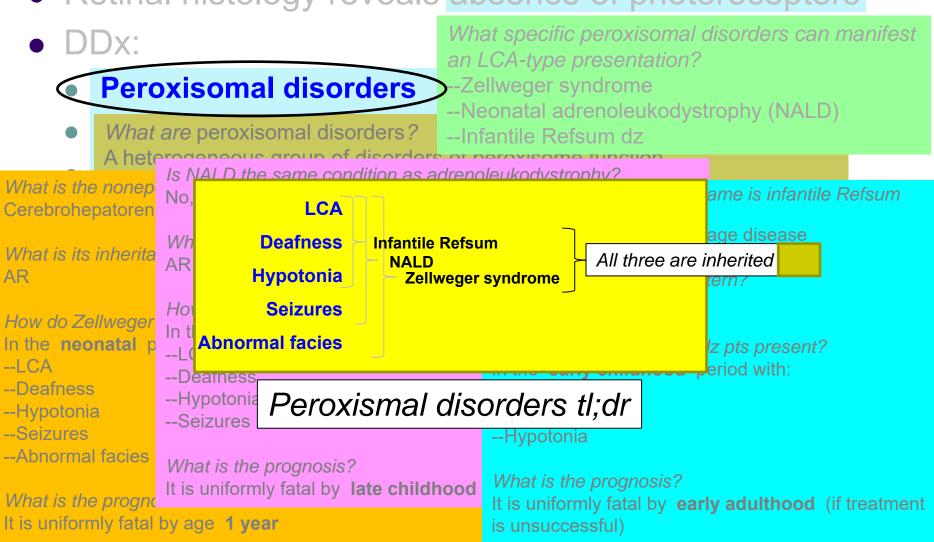
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The eyes, brain and kidneys

Note that all of the ciliopathies are marked by relentlessly progressive renal failure resulting in ESRD early in life!



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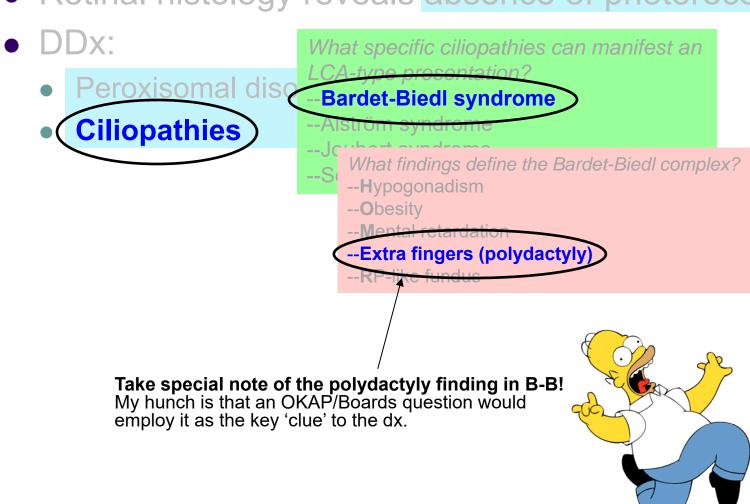
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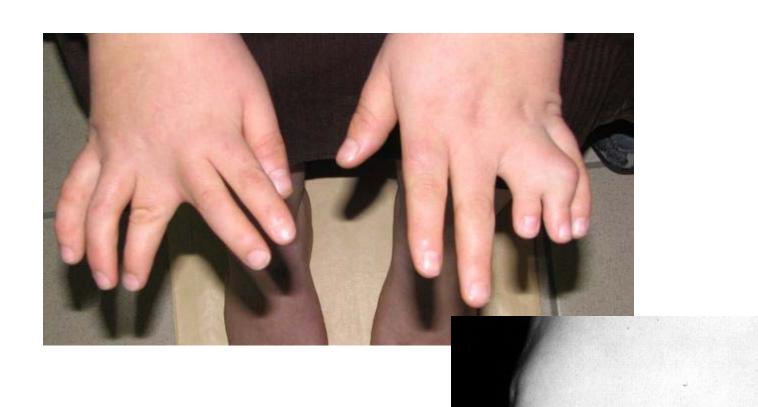
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LCA inheritance: AR

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hand--paucidactyly, not polydactyly. But the rest of B-B

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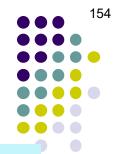
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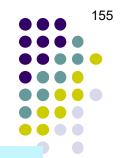
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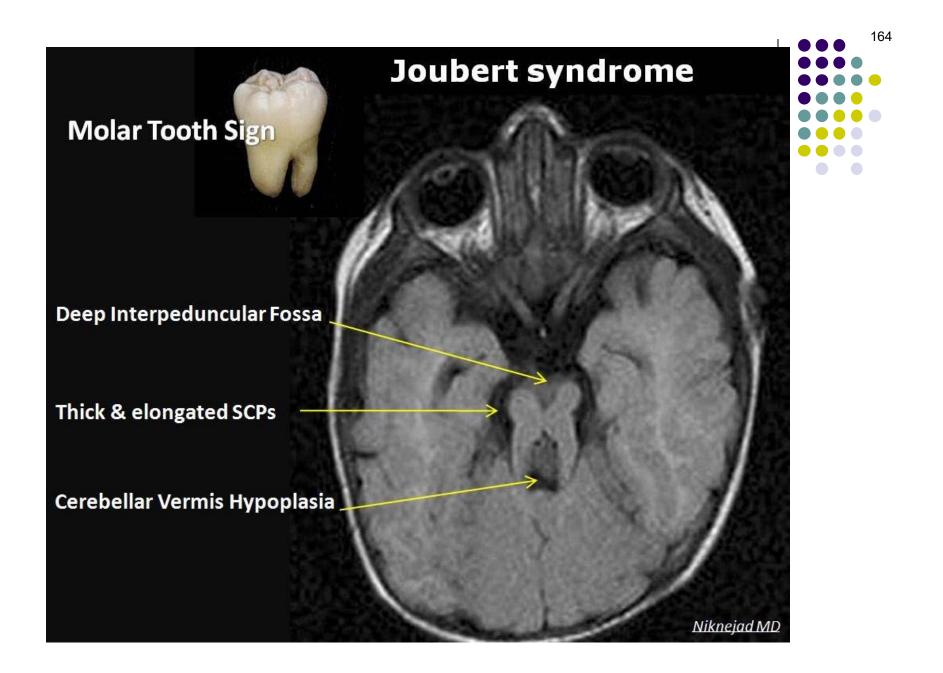
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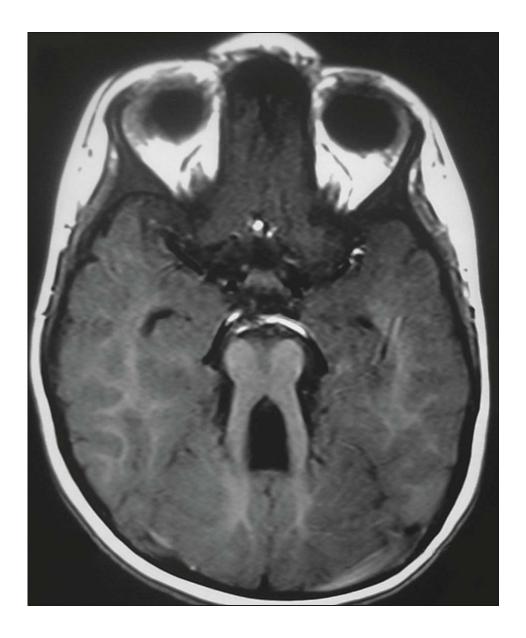
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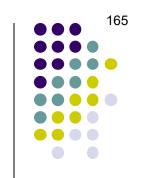
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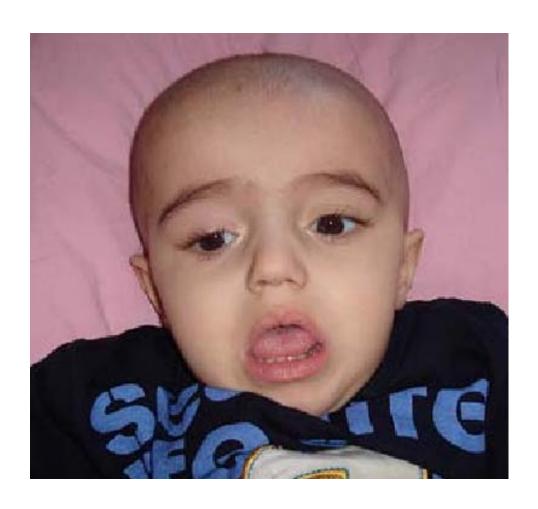
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Joubert syndrome: Facies. Note the large head, broad forehead

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Senior-Løken syndrome is not listed with the other ciliopathies in the Retina book; rather, it is discussed in the Peds book, and only briefly. All you need to know about it is that, like all the ciliopathies mentioned, it involves retinal degeneration (with an LCA or RP-like fundus appearance) and relentlessly progressive renal failure.

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Because while LCA is largely untreatable, a number of the entities on its DDx are, **if** they're caught in time. Thus, one **must** be certain a child does not have one of the treatable conditions before settling on the diagnosis that s/he has (untreatable) LCA.

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