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Patients with true epiphora usually have a tissue or handkerchief in their hand as they sit in your exam chair.
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2) “When your eyes run water…
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2) “When your eyes run water...”
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   - The location of epiphora provides important clues to its etiology.
     - If it arises from the medial canthus, this is strong evidence that the lids are functioning normally, and the problem is either blockage in the drainage apparatus or tear overproduction (i.e., DES). However, if the epiphora arises in the lateral canthal region or the central lid, an eyelid problem is present—the tears are not being transported nasally as they should. Such patients must have their lid function and position scrutinized—ectropion may be the culprit!

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